

Term: Y1/2 Year B Aut 2	Topic: The Great Fire of London	
	Key knowledge.	Key vocabulary.
<p>Pupils should be taught about:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally (for example, the Great Fire of London, the first aeroplane flight or events commemorated through festivals or anniversaries) ○ The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods (for example, Elizabeth I and Queen Victoria, Christopher Columbus and Neil Armstrong, William Caxton and Tim Berners-Lee, Pieter Bruegel the elder and L.S Lowry, Rosa Parks and Emily Davison, Mary Seacole and/or Florence Nightingale and Edith Cavell) 	<p>Know that the Great Fire of London happened between the 2nd and the 5th of September 1666</p> <p>Know that the fire started in a bakery in Pudding Lane, London</p> <p>Know that before the fire started there had been a drought in London so the city was very dry.</p> <p>Know that in 1666 the houses were mostly made from wood and straw which burned easily.</p> <p>Know that the houses were built very close together which enabled the fire to spread quickly.</p> <p>Know that Samuel Pepys was there and wrote a diary about what he saw.</p> <p>Know that we can learn about what happened in the past from a variety of sources.</p> <p>Know that artists who were alive in 1666 painted pictures of the fire, so that we know what it would have looked like if we had been there too.</p> <p>Know that the Great Fire of London is thought to have prevented the plague from spreading by killing the rats that carried the disease.</p>	<p>Samuel Pepys – a man who kept a diary during the Great Fire of London.</p> <p>Bakery – a shop that bakes and sells bread.</p> <p>King Charles II – king during the Great Fire of London (1660-1685)</p> <p>Narrow – close together, not much space in between. i.e the streets were narrow</p> <p>Wooden – something that is made from wood.</p> <p>Fire – A scientific reaction that happens when something burns – you may see smoke and flames.</p> <p>Plague – an infectious disease that killed lots of people in 1665.</p> <p>Drought – a long period of time without any rain</p> <p>Thatched – a type of roof made with straw</p> <p>Leather buckets – buckets made from leather (animal skin) were used to carry water to put out the fire.</p> <p>Sewers – A system of underground pipes that carry human waste</p> <p>Diary – a diary is a written record of what has happened that day. (First person, past tense)</p>

